

THE CHINOOK ADVANCE

Vol. 21

Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, Dec. 23rd 1937

No. 1

"Peace On Earth"

Let us all, With True Christmas spirit Put Aside Our Troubles, And Make This Season One Of,

Peace On Earth, Goodwill

Toward Man

Christmas Greetings

and Happy prosperous Days
Within the Coming Year

To Our Advertisers, Subscribers
and Friends.



We fully realize what your co-operation has done for us in the past, and to all who in have in any way contributed to the success of our business, we extend our sincerest thanks

Chinook "Advance"

For Old Time Sake

We wish all our Chinook Friends a very Merry Xmas and Prosperous year for 1938

Mr. and Mrs. Rideout and Family

The Trustees of Chinook Con. S. D. Held Meeting

The Board of Trustees of Chinook Con. S. D. No. 16, met in Cooley's Garage on Nov. 29th at 1 p. m.

Members present — Messrs Bell, Hille, Connor and Rosenau.

Connor, that these minutes be adopted as read

Then followed the reading of correspondence and of the bills presented for payment.

Rosenau, that payment of the following bills be approved
Banner Hardware \$26.75
Thos. Gilbertson 1.50
E. O. Hocart - wood 1.95
Robinson Bros. 5.25
F. E. Osborne 29.05

Rosenau, that an allowance of \$30.00 be made for the Christmas Entertainment.

Hille, that admission to Christmas Entertainment be 25 cents for adults, children free, no extra charge to be made for the dance after the Entertainment.

Hille, that the members of the Board be a committee to take charge of the Christmas Entertainment and dance other than the program which is being prepared by the staff
Bell, that school close on Dec. 22nd and reopen on Jan. 3rd.

Rosenau, that the Annual meeting be held in the school on Saturday, Jan. 15th at 10 p. m.

Adjourned till Friday, 3rd

Some members present.
Rosenau, that the following additional arrangements for van-driving be approved,

Route 3 R. Witt Nov. 1-Nov. 30
N. Schmidt Dec. 1 to further notice.

Route 4 Ted Demaere- Sept. 1 Oct. 5 - Oct. 31
Oct. 5 - Oct. 31

Jno. Rosenau Nov. 1 - Nov. 12
Ted Demaere Nov. 13-Dec. 3
Meet van on Route 8,
F. Dumanowski Dec. 6 further notice.

Route 5 D. Bell Sept. 20 Oct. 29
F. Morrell (Meade) Nov. 1-5
D. Bell Nov. 8 - Nov. 12
No van Nov. 15, 16 and 17.

F. Pfeiffer Nov. 18 Nov. 26
H. Ford Nov. 29 - till further notice.

Route 6 F. Pfeiffer Oct. 5 - Nov. 17 (Missed Nov. 15).

H. Connor Nov. 18 - Dec. 22
P. Peterson Jan. 3 - further notice.

Route 7 W. Isbister Oct. 12 - Nov. 1.

H. Hille Nov. 2 - Dec. 3
Route 8 A. Rosenau Nov. 1 - Dec. 22 - further notice

A. Carlson Sept. 29 - Dec. 3
K. Hohlen Dec. 6 - Dec. 22 to further notice

Connor, that Wm. Wilson be appointed as bailiff for the Chinook Cons. S. D.

Rosenau, that the following ratepayers be notified that a definite assurance must be received from them before Fri.

Dec. 17th, that they are prepared to drive van for the time allotted herein.

E. Ons Jan. 3 - Jan. 31,
Burt Austin Feb. 1 - Feb. 28
H. Westphal Mar. 1 - Mar. 31
M. Oarsby one month driving

CHRISTMSA 1937

That Your Christmas may be a Happy One and that the New Year may bring you a full measure of the things you hope for.

Is Our Sincere Wish

W. S. LEE

before June 1st

Rosenau, that \$10.00 cash be paid the following to assist with van driving Messrs Jno. Rosenau, H. D. Connor, N. Schmidt, F. Pfeiffer, and F. Dumanowski, this advance to be repaid by the doing of five days driving at \$2.00 a day.

Bell, that we do now adjourn
Lorne Proudfoot,
Secretary.

GOVERNMENT LIQUOR CONTROL ACT OF ALBERTA

APPLICATION FOR BEER LICENSE

Public notice is hereby given that the undersigned intends applying to the Alberta Liquor Control Board, for a license to sell beer by the glass or open bottle, for consumption in conformity with the provisions of the Government Liquor Act of Alberta, and, regulations made thereunder, with respect to the following premises: The northeast corner of the Chinook Hotel, situated on Lots One (1) and Two (2), Block four (4), Plan 2231, B. A., Village of Chinook, Alberta

Dated at Chinook, Alberta, this 23rd day of December, 1937.

William H. Barros
Applicant

OBITUARY

Mr. Jake Berry

On Monday morning Dec. 3 a telegram was received stating that Mr. Jake Berry had died and was buried. Only the Tuesday before his parents received a letter written Nov. 25th saying he had reached home safely after having spent some days here visiting with his parents.

The late Mr. Berry was spending a few days visiting with friends and relatives at Louisville, Kentucky, when he became violently ill with acute indigestion which proved fatal within a couple of hours.

Jake Perry was born in Marion County, Kansas on April 12th 1884 and came to Canada with his parents in 1909 and resided here until 1922, when he returned to the United States. He was married a few years later to Annie Coley, of Louisville, Kentucky, where they made their home. Mrs. Berry predeceased her husband three years ago.

Surviving him are his parents Mr. and Mrs. Harmon Berry, of Chinook, Parley Berry, of Oilmont, Montana, Lawrence Berry of Walnut, Kansas, and Mrs. Robert. D. Vanhook of Fairview, Alberta. Interment was made beside his wife in Franklin, Kentucky

The School Concert held on Wed. December 22nd was a decided success considering the bad weather and the measles.

To The Editor,

Allow us through the 'Advance' to thank all our friends and neighbors for their help in hauling and loading our effects when we moved, they were indeed a bunch of true friends.

We are getting lovely weather after a cold spell. I am pleased to say we have not yet had a blizzard. The wind does not seem to blow in the brush like it does on the open prairie. I, whenever I go to the barn to feed the animals I always think of those left behind without feed and feel thankful for the move. This too is a next year country. We have been busy since the snow came getting up fire wood for next year and have a pile as big as a house and have more to get for the cutting.

Wishing one and all at Chinook compliments of the season.

Your old friends,
Mr. and Mrs. Edwin B. Allen and family.

Mannville, Alta

NOTICE

The Annual meeting of the Ratepayers of Chinook Consolidated S. D. No. 16, will be held in the school on Saturday, Jan. 15th, at 1.30 p. m., for the purpose of hearing and discussing the reports for the year and for electing trustees for Buffalo Plains, Bison and Popular school districts.

Lorne Proudfoot
Secretary.

Miss Isobel Vanhook left for her home at Fairview on Saturday.

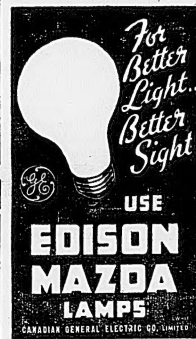
Miss K. Shier left on Thursday for Cayley, where she will spend her holidays.

Mr. Geo. M. Aitken left for Vancouver on Thursday.

Mrs. Blagen left for Calgary on Tuesday where she will stay with her daughter Mrs. L. Younggren during the winter months.

Mr. W. H. Barros and Mr. Herman of Biddess visited with Mr. J. E. Cooley this week.

Miss Ruth Robison went home for the holidays.



Don't experiment with Children's Colds

Relieve Their Misery This Proved Way

WHEN your child comes down with a cold, you can't afford to take needless risks. Use the treatment that has been proved for you—Vicks VapoRub.

It has been proved by every test in more homes than any other medication of its kind—further proved by the largest clinical tests ever made on colds. (Full details in every VapoRub package.) Only Vicks give you good like this.

Vicks VapoRub is direct external treatment. There's no dosing—no risk of spoiling appetite, or disturbing a delicate digestion. VapoRub can be used freely, as often as needed, even on the youngest child.

You simply massage VapoRub on throat, chest, and back, as illustrated.

Now WHITE—STAINLESS—

trated). Then—to make its long-continued double action last even longer—spread a thick layer on the chest and cover with a warmed blanket.

No Long Waiting for Relief to Begin—Almost before you finish rub, the youngster begins to feel warm and comfortable as VapoRub goes to work direct through the skin like a poultice. At the same time its medicated vapors, released by the warmth of the body, are carried direct to the irritated air-passages with every breath.

This double action loosens phlegm—relieves irritation and coughing—helps break up local congestion. And long after the little one relaxes into restful sleep, VapoRub keeps right on working—hour after hour. Often, the worst of the cold is over.

VICKS VAPORUB

Provincial Amalgamation

Since the Rowell Commission on Dominion-Provincial relations opened its first Western Canadian public sittings in Winnipeg a great many ideas have been placed before the commission, all of them designed to cure, in greater or less degree, the economic ills from which the West is, and has been, suffering.

It goes without saying that some of the proposals will receive very serious consideration by members of the commission when preparing their report with recommendations for the Federal government and that others will be consigned to the waste paper basket with scant ceremony as being obviously impractical, or inadvisable on other counts.

Which of these fates is in store for a suggestion for a thorough investigation of the feasibility and advisability of amalgamating the three prairie provinces under one government, advanced at an early stage of the hearings by Premier Bracken of Manitoba, it would be difficult to predict, but it is a proposal which has received a great deal of publicity and comment, both at the time it was made and since, with a strong probability that the last has not been heard of the suggestion.

An Economic Basis

The request for an inquiry was made by the Manitoba premier largely on the premise that if such a step would be wise in the long run the Canadian people should know about it and that a pronouncement on the scheme by an impartial and competent body would carry great weight, and coupled with that was an expression of his own opinion that "in the long run it would be of very great advantage to Western Canada and Canada as a whole."

While admitting great practical difficulties would have to be overcome, Premier Bracken's opinion is based on the assumption that it would be an economic measure, stating that considerable governmental savings would be effected and that these savings would "increase with time."

Heretofore, quite correctly, by one western newspaper as a "hardy perennial," the question has at the present time aroused a more than normal public interest and this fact is due to a widespread popular opinion that something big, perhaps something splendid, is to be done to lift the West out of the slough of despond in which it has become mired as a result of the depression.

If it were not for the financial burden laid upon the West on account of conditions of the past few years it is doubtful whether the proposal would have created any greater ripple on the body politic than it has done when the suggestion was advanced on previous occasions.

Not A New Idea

As a matter of fact the question is quite an old one. As far back as 1904 and 1905 when the provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan were in process of formation it was a lively political issue, a strong body of opinion at that time contending that the North West Territories could best be administered as a single province. Since that time the proposal has bobbed up periodically, but was usually regarded more as a political than an economic question and discussion was largely academic.

Now, however, with economic stress to give it impetus, it is reasonable to assume that the proposal will not be lost sight of until some investigation into its merits has been pursued and some official pronouncement has been made on it. Under the circumstances this is due to the people, as intimated by Premier Bracken.

While the Manitoba premier sees in amalgamation economies in administrative costs and progressive economy as time marches on, the Saskatchewan section of the United Farmers of Canada are not so optimistic on that ground, for, in a brief submitted to the Rowell Commission in Regina they declared that "the immediate saving in expenditure by a reduction in the number of legislative numbers and civil service officials would not be very impressive," but they support the amalgamation proposal and go further than Premier Bracken for they ask that it be put into effect without any suggestion of a preliminary inquiry, "as a means of attaining greater efficiency in government." This efficiency, they suggest, would ensue by having the agricultural policy of the whole area "directed and co-ordinated by one set of officials" and urge that similar increased efficiency would accrue in the administrations of such departments as public health, the treasury, natural resources, highways and telephones.

Should Be Considered

On the face of it, it would seem likely that amalgamation might result in some immediate savings, even though they might not be impressive, but even if the savings were comparatively small, the indirect savings which naturally accompany increased efficiency make the proposal sufficiently attractive to warrant at least further investigation.

In some quarters suggestions are made that the government of an amalgamated territory comprising the three prairie provinces would increase the prestige of the prairies in the realm of Dominion affairs and would ensure for the West a more potent voice in shaping national policies but the conclusion to which it is reached is that the amalgamation proposal, for instance, will continue to be framed largely to suit industry in the East just so long as the East has the dominant voting power in the national legislative assembly.

Up To The Owners

The town of Guildford, Surrey, England, has begun a campaign to end the nuisance of being tardy because of street clocks which tell the wrong time. Owners of public clocks not registering the correct time will be liable to fines of \$25 and a daily fine of \$10 thereafter under a General Powers Bill to be presented to Parliament next session.

An average of 140,000,000 persons throughout the world attend motion picture theatres in the course of a week.

The average hereditary span of life of Europe has a life span of 53.6 years.

Many Alameda villages have such a scarcity of water that pump handles are put up high so that they will be out of the reach of the children.

Washington has more taxicabs on its streets than Chicago and Philadelphia combined.

FLIN FLON

"The Story of Its Finding and Posit'n To-day"

By PHATT KUHN

The first geologist to inspect the new find was Dr. E. L. Bruce, a graduate of Queen's University, who was in charge of a geological survey party for the Dominion Government in the Beaver Lake district, and later in the fall of 1915 came over from Beaver Lake on information given him by Tom Creighton. He was able to make the first technical report before the long winter clamped down.

His pal on many of the hinterland trails, Mrs. Hammel, accompanied her husband to Beaver Lake, and it was the prospecting party. While the prospecting sextet were away doing further staking, the Hammels went up to the other end of Beaver Lake to do some fishing. Meeting the prospectors later, Hammel went in to inspect the discovery. He was impressed by what he asked the group "How much money would satisfy each of you for the rest of your lives?" John Mosher replied, "Jack, if you see one hundred thousand dollars in the bank, I'll get it for you," said Hammel, and he made good years later when the Mining Corporation of Canada, Ltd., purchased control for all excepting Dan Milligan and Isadore Dion, who later accepted a twenty-five thousand dollar offer each on the theory that "a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush."

With characteristic Hammel enthusiasm, he set about his first big job of "cracking open" Canada's hinterland. To New York he went late in 1915 to raise a dozen financial interests, among them Hayden Stone & Co. They were interested, but when they suggested sending an engineer, Hammel said, "I don't want to go for that, the spring break-up will be upon us shortly and I must have action right away." You can have a three-quarter interest in the property for three million dollars, providing you spend fifty thousand a year on diamond drilling." Stone appreciated Hammel's frank statement of the merits of the property and laughingly said, "I will play ball with you, Hammel." With the option papers signed, Charles Stone telegraphed Daniel C. Jackling, the famous copper operator, living in San Francisco and invited him to join in the venture. Jackling's conversation was manifested in his thousand word protest that Stone should go so far without securing an engineer's report, and did not conceal his feelings that it looked like a "come on" game.

However, including his telegram, he said, "I'll bite and you can count me in for a one-tenth interest," knowing that Stone was not easily convinced. Hammel rushed to The Pas and started the big push to beat the spring break-up. Enlistment of the teams and help available, two diamond drills and tons of supplies were transported to the property. Within a few days the expedition consisted of three men in two young engineers, Raymond Brooks and Orin Peterson, to take charge of the drilling. With this initial exploration completed, came a three-word wire from Brooks to Jackling—"Hammel underestimates the property."

In 1927 this was what Flin Flon looked like—that's all there was to it. Note the heavily wooded background.

Next Week the Recent History and To-day's Story of Flin Flon Starts.

Plane Service To Flin Flon

Passenger Service Between Winnipeg And Northern Mines

A weekly plane service will be inaugurated between Winnipeg and Flin Flon with a charter service available for passengers and express between Flin Flon and Goldfields, in northern Saskatchewan, according to an announcement by Wings Limited.

A plane will leave Winnipeg every Thursday morning following the arrival of the plane from the south at 8:30. Flin Flon will be reached at 1 p.m. and chartered planes will leave Flin Flon for Goldfields in time to reach the latter point that same afternoon.

An unbroken chain of airlines is formed by this new service, which makes it possible for passengers to leave New York before midnight on Wednesdays and be in Flin Flon at 1 p.m. the next day.

A freight locomotive consumes a half a ton of coal in getting started and attaining a running speed.

A land snail moves at the speed of a mile a month.

The Hard, Hard Struggles Between 1915 and 1925 When the Whitney Group of New York Entered The Picture

But while the copper looked interesting, they saw no value in the zinc, while the complex ore involved metallurgical problems. The war, too, had a distracting effect, and the option was dropped after spending fifty thousand dollars and doing seven thousand five hundred feet of diamond drilling. Next year, David Fasken and associates bought out Dan Milligan and Isadore Dion and took an option on the balance of interest. For doing eighteen thousand feet of diamond drilling, Fasken secured a seven per cent. interest. But the complex ore was a stickler, and the work stopped. In 1920 with the property again back on his hands, but richer with information from the drill cores, Hammel went to the Mining Corporation of Canada. Experienced and aggressive, it was interested. If Colonel William Boyce Thompson, millionaire New Yorker, would also come into the deal, Hammel saw him, and in 20 minutes Thompson was convinced of the merits of the property and took an option on a three-quarter interest. The Mining Corporation took the other quarter.

Not dismayed by previous disappointments, knowing well that it was a long haul, work resumed. Another big freight job from The Pas, 87 miles to the Flin Flon confronted them. End of steel at the mine was 574 miles from Winnipeg.

After sinking two shafts and spending four hundred thousand dollars on the property, the option was dropped, with no interest retained. Next year, 1921, the Mining Corporation made a bid and purchased the property outright—that is, the 68 per cent. which was controlled by Hammel and the prospectors Creighton, Leon Dion, John and Dan Mosher, the other 32 per cent. being owned by Alex. and David Fasken. For this 68 per cent. Mining Corporation paid, including interest, some six hundred thousand dollars, of which about four hundred thousand dollars went to the four prospectors who stuck with Hammel.

But it was a big project to launch. To make it a success, power would have to be supplied, railways built as well as the mining and milling plants, another water winery, and the Mining Corporation, particularly its president, J. P. Watson, and his chief engineer, Scott Turner, later director of mines for the United States Government, worked to correlate the essential phases of the enterprise, if it was eventually to be brought into production.

Then in 1925, the Harry Payne Whitney group of New York City entered the picture. The Whitney interests had a subsidiary called the Complex Ore Recoveries Co., investigating the mine. On August 26, 1926, it was decided to venture further money and tackle the metallurgical problems on a practical scale.

Next Week the Recent History and To-day's Story of Flin Flon Starts.

Plane Service To Flin Flon

Passenger Service Between Winnipeg And Northern Mines

A weekly plane service will be inaugurated between Winnipeg and Flin Flon with a charter service available for passengers and express between Flin Flon and Goldfields, in northern Saskatchewan, according to an announcement by Wings Limited.

A plane will leave Winnipeg every Thursday morning following the arrival of the plane from the south at 8:30. Flin Flon will be reached at 1 p.m. and chartered planes will leave Flin Flon for Goldfields in time to reach the latter point that same afternoon.

An unbroken chain of airlines is formed by this new service, which makes it possible for passengers to leave New York before midnight on Wednesdays and be in Flin Flon at 1 p.m. the next day.

A freight locomotive consumes a half a ton of coal in getting started and attaining a running speed.

A land snail moves at the speed of a mile a month.

Next Week the Recent History and To-day's Story of Flin Flon Starts.

Plane Service To Flin Flon

Passenger Service Between Winnipeg And Northern Mines

A weekly plane service will be inaugurated between Winnipeg and Flin Flon with a charter service available for passengers and express between Flin Flon and Goldfields, in northern Saskatchewan, according to an announcement by Wings Limited.

A plane will leave Winnipeg every Thursday morning following the arrival of the plane from the south at 8:30. Flin Flon will be reached at 1 p.m. and chartered planes will leave Flin Flon for Goldfields in time to reach the latter point that same afternoon.

An unbroken chain of airlines is formed by this new service, which makes it possible for passengers to leave New York before midnight on Wednesdays and be in Flin Flon at 1 p.m. the next day.

A freight locomotive consumes a half a ton of coal in getting started and attaining a running speed.

A land snail moves at the speed of a mile a month.

Next Week the Recent History and To-day's Story of Flin Flon Starts.

Plane Service To Flin Flon

Passenger Service Between Winnipeg And Northern Mines

A weekly plane service will be inaugurated between Winnipeg and Flin Flon with a charter service available for passengers and express between Flin Flon and Goldfields, in northern Saskatchewan, according to an announcement by Wings Limited.

A plane will leave Winnipeg every Thursday morning following the arrival of the plane from the south at 8:30. Flin Flon will be reached at 1 p.m. and chartered planes will leave Flin Flon for Goldfields in time to reach the latter point that same afternoon.

An unbroken chain of airlines is formed by this new service, which makes it possible for passengers to leave New York before midnight on Wednesdays and be in Flin Flon at 1 p.m. the next day.

A freight locomotive consumes a half a ton of coal in getting started and attaining a running speed.

A land snail moves at the speed of a mile a month.

Next Week the Recent History and To-day's Story of Flin Flon Starts.

Plane Service To Flin Flon

Passenger Service Between Winnipeg And Northern Mines

A weekly plane service will be inaugurated between Winnipeg and Flin Flon with a charter service available for passengers and express between Flin Flon and Goldfields, in northern Saskatchewan, according to an announcement by Wings Limited.

A plane will leave Winnipeg every Thursday morning following the arrival of the plane from the south at 8:30. Flin Flon will be reached at 1 p.m. and chartered planes will leave Flin Flon for Goldfields in time to reach the latter point that same afternoon.

An unbroken chain of airlines is formed by this new service, which makes it possible for passengers to leave New York before midnight on Wednesdays and be in Flin Flon at 1 p.m. the next day.

A freight locomotive consumes a half a ton of coal in getting started and attaining a running speed.

A land snail moves at the speed of a mile a month.

Quit Rents Returned

King George Takes Part In Old Ceremony At Cornwall

The King in the role of a feudal landlord received quit rents from tenants of the Duchy of Cornwall.

The ceremony, complete with medieval trappings, trumpet fanfares and cries of "Oyez!" took place within the crumbling walls of Launceston Castle which last saw the visit of a reigning monarch nearly three centuries ago.

The King marched through the castle gate behind the red, black and gold standard of Launceston to hear the town clerk summon "All persons that do owe suit and service to His Majesty, lord of the fee of honor of the castle of Launceston."

The mayor was the first to present his quit rent (symbol of a tenant's fealty to his King and of the King's recognition of the tenant's right to his property). The mayor gave shillings and silver mugs and a pound of pepper on a silver tray.

A woman tenant gave a riding cloak and a brace of greynhounds. The King patting the dogs. Accepted them and then gave them back.

Each tenant handed his rent to the King on bentled knee.

"Rising Tide"

Fifty Page Magazine Gives Answer To Nation's Problems

From pages of the world press today's leading headlines tell of the nations seething with rampant nationalism, hatred, economic disruption, frustration and bitter discontent. Once again the awful flames of war are being kindled into the poison spoils of Spain and China, their lurid, annihilating tongues reaching out to devour the world.

In thousands of homes in rural Canada to-day there is bitter want and distress. Is there an answer to these problems? Is there a solution simple enough that you and I who have no armies can use it, and yet the kind of solution that hits straight to the mark?

Rising Tide, the new pictorial magazine, portraying this answer in graphic photographs is now on the newsstands. It is not a common venture. Not a single advertisement appears in its pages. The editors assure that they are not out to make dollars, but to make new nations.

Incredible as it seems, this unique magazine, the North American edition will have a first printing of 500,000 copies. In Great Britain the magazine is in such a demand that it is not a common venture.

Rising Tide was produced entirely by a number of volunteers who received no financial backing and without salary. Yet it is printed on the finest paper and contains photographs which are without rival for vividness in modern photographic art. On facing pages are portrayed the world as it is to-day in all its want, and the world as it can be as it is for thousands who give sound, common sense a chance.

Opening pages picture the astounding possibilities of the twentieth century wizardry which can fashion or destroy a world. News photos and newsreels show the current of national life and death in 1937. World leaders comment that where human wisdom fails, God has a plan. Indeed the magazine itself is a striking demonstration of this, since the editors have been guided by God.

There are pages that show the answer to strikes and industrial friction. Workers and employers, a remarkable double-page spread, reveal a new destiny for industry in reducing the foundations of national life under God-control. Other distinctive features include a story of a Canadian farm which is different and a picture diary of a week in the life of a city worker and how the tide turned in his life and family.

Too Many Red Lights

Melbourne, Australia, Would Limit Then To Traffic Signals

Melbourne, Australia, is seeing red and the trouble is growing all the time. Workers and employers, a remarkable double-page spread, reveal a new destiny for industry in reducing the foundations of national life under God-control. Other distinctive features include a story of a Canadian farm which is different and a picture diary of a week in the life of a city worker and how the tide turned in his life and family.

Too Many Red Lights

Melbourne, Australia, Would Limit Then To Traffic Signals

Melbourne, Australia, is seeing red and the trouble is growing all the time. Workers and employers, a remarkable double-page spread, reveal a new destiny for industry in reducing the foundations of national life under God-control. Other distinctive features include a story of a Canadian farm which is different and a picture diary of a week in the life of a city worker and how the tide turned in his life and family.

Too Many Red Lights

Melbourne, Australia, Would Limit Then To Traffic Signals

Melbourne, Australia, is seeing red and the trouble is growing all the time. Workers and employers, a remarkable double-page spread, reveal a new destiny for industry in reducing the foundations of national life under God-control. Other distinctive features include a story of a Canadian farm which is different and a picture diary of a week in the life of a city worker and how the tide turned in his life and family.

Too Many Red Lights

Melbourne, Australia, Would Limit Then To Traffic Signals

Melbourne, Australia, is seeing red and the trouble is growing all the time. Workers and employers, a remarkable double-page spread, reveal a new destiny for industry in reducing the foundations of national life under God-control. Other distinctive features include a story of a Canadian farm which is different and a picture diary of a week in the life of a city worker and how the tide turned in his life and family.

Too Many Red Lights

Melbourne, Australia, Would Limit Then To Traffic Signals

Melbourne, Australia, is seeing red and the trouble is growing all the time. Workers and employers, a remarkable double-page spread, reveal a new destiny for industry in reducing the foundations of national life under God-control. Other distinctive features include a story of a Canadian farm which is different and a picture diary of a week in the life of a city worker and how the tide turned in his life and family.

LISTEN...

on Friday Night

"CANADA-1937"

IMPERIAL TOBACCO'S INSPIRING PROGRAM

EVERY FRIDAY NIGHT

On a National Coast to Coast Network

An Oriental Idea

Chinese Have Platforms Where People Air Their Grievances

The people of the United States have a lot of things to be grouchy about so far as their national domestic affairs are concerned, and a clergyman has written the President suggesting that he nominate a "Grouchy Day," so that everybody take a day off work, indulge in a good hearty spell of grumbling to one another, then having allowed the steam to escape they would all resume work next day feeling much better.

This idea, although meant jocularly, is not so far-fetched. At least something of the kind is practised in China, and there are many things the Chinese did hundreds, even thousands of years ago, which Occidentals took up later. Chinese cities have what are called "Squalling Platforms." These are situated at street corners, and are intended for the use of women and girls who have been discharged from household employment. If a woman or girl feels aggrieved she mounts this platform and indulges in a loud-mouthed rage against her employer, calling her all manner of names, and then of continuing her rage until she has exhausted all the adjectives at her command, or until she has become so hoarse with shouting that she cannot go on any longer. There may be several ladies on the platform at the same time, each and all enjoying their several rages. People going by may stand and listen, but for the most part nobody else takes any notice; it is satisfying to all concerned, there being no slander actions to follow. It is just an old Chinese custom, and when the ladies have given vent to their

ALICE STEVENS' RECIPES

REDUCING DIETS NEED CAREFUL PLANNING

Consult a doctor if you are making much overweight and do not try any questionable remedies. For the person who has a tendency towards being overweight, a little attention to the amount of food eaten should be lessened but care should be taken to see that the body is supplied with sufficient protein, vitamins, and vitamins. At the same time, food should be eaten that will keep the person from feeling hungry.

Fewer fat foods should be used. Avoid whipped cream, olive oil, bacon, etc., and use butter sparingly. Small amounts of starches and sugars should be used. The distress of hunger is best avoided by using bulky foods.

Eat fruits, particularly apples. Apples supply the body with vitamins and are easy to digest. These people satisfy the hunger without increasing the calorie intake too much. Tomatoes and leafy green vegetables are also recommended.

Clear meat soups rather than cream soups. These are low in food value but are satisfying. Potatoes are preferable to bread in reducing diets. Brown bread is much better than white bread because the bran supplies the bulk.

Exercise as well as diet must be considered. This exercise should be mild and long continued rather than violent. Walking is one of the best forms of exercise for the overweight person.

Salads are low in calorie count. They are particularly recommended for reducing diets. They help appease the appetite and supply mineral matter and vitamins. Avoid oil dressings.

REDUCING SALAD

Shred cabbage very fine. Add dressing. Add apples which have been cut into small pieces. Mix the apples with the cabbage. Let the cabbage, as quickly as possible to prevent discoloration. Garnish with grated raw carrot.

REDUCING SALAD

Shred cabbage very fine. Add dressing. Add apples which have been cut into small pieces. Mix the apples with the cabbage. Let the cabbage, as quickly as possible to prevent discoloration. Garnish with grated raw carrot.

REDUCING SALAD

Shred cabbage very fine. Add dressing. Add apples which have been cut into small pieces. Mix the apples with the cabbage. Let the cabbage, as quickly as possible to prevent discoloration. Garnish with grated raw carrot.

REDUCING SALAD

Shred cabbage very fine. Add dressing. Add apples which have been cut into small pieces. Mix the apples with the cabbage. Let the cabbage, as quickly as possible to prevent discoloration. Garnish with grated raw carrot.

REDUCING SALAD

Shred cabbage very fine. Add dressing. Add apples which have been cut into small pieces. Mix the apples with the cabbage. Let the cabbage, as quickly as possible to prevent discoloration. Garnish with grated raw carrot.

REDUCING SALAD

Shred cabbage very fine. Add dressing. Add apples which have been cut into small pieces. Mix the apples with the cabbage. Let the cabbage, as quickly as possible to prevent discoloration. Garnish with grated raw carrot.

REDUCING SALAD

Shred cabbage very fine. Add dressing. Add apples which have been cut into small pieces. Mix the apples with the cabbage. Let the cabbage, as quickly as possible to prevent discoloration. Garnish with grated raw carrot.

REDUCING SALAD

Shred cabbage very fine. Add dressing. Add apples which have been cut into small pieces. Mix the apples with the cabbage. Let the cabbage, as quickly as possible to prevent discoloration. Garnish with grated raw carrot.

REDUCING SALAD

Shred cabbage very fine. Add dressing. Add apples which have been cut into small pieces. Mix the apples with the cabbage. Let the cabbage, as quickly as possible to prevent discoloration. Garnish with grated raw carrot.

REDUCING SALAD

Shred cabbage very fine. Add dressing. Add apples which have been cut into small pieces. Mix the apples with the cabbage. Let the cabbage, as quickly as possible to prevent discoloration. Garnish with grated raw carrot.

"The Magazine Sensation Of A Decade"

RISING TIDE

Fifty Pages Of Pictures Mirroring The World To-day

"The Answer To A Nation's Problems"

PRICE 15c.

If not available at your local dealer mail the coupon below.

The Rising Tide, King Edward Hotel, Toronto, Ont.

I enclose Please mail copies of Rising Tide.

Name

Address

By mail 25c per copy post paid anywhere in Canada.

WHAT HO!

By—
RICHARD CONNELL

By Arrangement With Thomas Allen, Publisher, Toronto.

CHAPTER IV.—Continued

"Very well, my lad," said Crump, resignedly, "but permit me to go on record as saying that if a man like that who rides a horse like that to a castle like this, is a millionaire, I, your grace, am the queen of the gypsies."

"I see your point," said the Earl. "You're right, often than I am, Crump, and a far, far shrewder judge of people. Perhaps he has come here to try to sell that horse or something. But wait a bit! I have it. He's eccentric."

"Eccentric, my lad?"

"That's the answer. Of course it is," declared the Earl. "All Americans are a bit touched in the temple, especially millionaires. They do as they please, and amonads to you, as the chap on the cinema said. Why, the papers are always speaking of 'eccentric American millionaires'. I've always wanted to see one, and now one bobs up right on my doorstep. What larks!"

Crump did not look as if he considered this larks.

"Now, Crump," said his lordship, "I want you to be your very nicest to this gentleman. If his behavior strikes you as being a bit lumpy, take no notice of it. Humor him, Crump. It will help the family greatly if you will do this."

"I shall be done, my lord," pledged Crump.

"One can always count on you, Crump."

"Thank you, my lord."

"And now unveil him with all possible ceremony."

"Very good, my lord."

When Crump had made his exit, the Earl of Bingley jumped to the place before the fire and struck the supposed pose of a celluloid aristocrat. Lady Rosa smoothed her hair and donned her most engaging smile. Captain Duff-Hooper stood up, stiff and expressionless as a totem pole.

"We must make him feel at home," said the Earl, in a whisper. "I intend to talk to him in his own language. I speak American rather well. I picked it up on the cinema. Ssssssh."

Crump flung wide the great oaken door of the library and trumpeted majestically.

"Mr. Ernest Bingley!"

CHAPTER IV.

Ernest was surprised, indeed dazed. Ernest Bingley who was ushered into the library of the castle. It had been part of his dream, but hardly his hope that he might actually hold converse with members of the family. He had not intended even to hint that his corpulence emanated from the same source as theirs; for he had no wish to taste the tepid welcome which is the portion of the poor relation. He had permitted himself the wish that he might see Lady Rosa gallop by on a palfrey. Of her existence he knew, for he had consulted Burke's Peerage. From it he had learned that she was 22 and that she was fond of hunting and motor-ing.

PATENTS

AN OFFER TO EVERY INVENTOR. List of inventions and full information sent free. THE RAMSAY COMPANY, Registered Patent Attorneys, 275 Bank Street, Ottawa, Canada.

He was totally unprepared to be brought face to face, abruptly, with the Earl of Bingley and his daughter. He had followed the butcher thinking that he was merely being shown the castle, and then found he was in the library, crumpling his hat in his hands and looking about wildly, like a fawn at bay.

"How do you do, Mr. Bingley?" said the Earl.

Ernest gave a convulsive start, lurched forward to take the hand, tripped on a rug, and dived headfirst against the lean abdomen of Captain Duff-Hooper who collapsed with an "Ooooooooooof."

The Earl helped Ernest to his feet.

"I think I tripped," said Ernest and felt like a 24 carat fool.

"That is I always trip over that infernal rug," said the Earl. "Been doing it for years. Can't think why we don't take steps about it. This is my daughter, Lady Rosa Bingley."

"How do you do?" she said, and regarded Ernest curiously.

"Captain Duff-Hooper," introduced the Earl.

The captain gave Ernest a hand like an icicle on a ramrod.

That awkward little pause which always follows introductions, followed this one.

The Earl, feeling he must say something, did so.

"By the way," he said, "my name is Bingley."

"So is mine," said Ernest. He had only an uncertain remote control of his tongue.

"Unholy, what?" remarked the Earl. "Connection of ours, perhaps?"

"I believe so, sir," said Ernest. "But a very distant one."

"Come, come," said the Earl, "you needn't be ashamed of it, you know. We British Bingleys aren't such a bad lot, barring a pirate or two and a few loonies. But we'll climb the family tree at lunch, what?"

To Ernest's unbelieve ears this sounded like an invitation and yet, could it be? He had pictured the Earl as aloof, austere, glacial, and not at all given to issuing casual invitations to lunch to astronomically distant cousins from America who chanced to drop in to inspect the castle and pay their shilling. Ernest's grip on the coin in his pocket tightened. He wondered if he should produce it and hand it to the Earl, or discreetly leave it on a table on the way out.

"Have you been long in England, Mr. Bingley?" he heard Lady Rosa say.

"Not very."

"You like it?"

"Very much."

"By the way," said the Earl, "we dip into our shillings at one-shilling in the morning. It might like to take a preliminary canter about the castle, what?"

"I'd love to, sir," said Ernest.

"My daughter will show you round on a personally conducted general tour. You can explore the nooks and crannies later."

"Thank you, sir."

Ernest knew now that his ears had been true to him. He was invited to lunch.

"How are things in America?" queried the Earl.

"So-so," was the only answer Ernest could think of.

"Same over here," said the Earl. "Only more so. I've always wanted to go out to the States. Must be jolly thrilling. Do you know many squawmen?"

"No, sir. Not one."

"No?" said the Earl, surprised.

"I'd an idea the place was crawling with them. Romantic thought, marrying an Indian princess. Pocahontas, Mimmehaha, and what's her name. Why, when I was at Rugby, a pal of mine and I ran away to go out to your country and be squawmen. His name was Fuggy Iverson. But they caught us at Plymouth and did we get a caning? I'll tell the cock-eyed world! Poor Fuggy! He's in the cabinet now but I'll bet he wishes he was a squawman. Do you know Greta Garbo?"

"No, sir."

"I saw her once," said the Earl. "In person, I mean to say. Why, I was so close to her at the Ritz one day I could have reached out and touched her fur coat. I give you my word I could have. Didn't though. Wish I had now. One does not get chances like that often, does one?"

"No, sir."

"You must see my collection of pictures of cinema stars," said the Earl. "That is, if you are interested."

"I'd like very much to see it, sir."

"Some of them, I suppose. But," said the Earl, proudly,

"If Mr. Bingley is to go round the castle before lunch, we'd better start," put in Lady Rosa.

"Now isn't she the practical one?" said the Earl, admiringly. "Got it from her mother, I suppose. She was as practical as a steam-cake. Why, once, in an unguarded moment, I signed up to go exploring with some fellows in Tibet. We were to look for snow-leopards, or was it

yaks? Anyhow, I did not want to go. Couldn't afford it, really. But did she let me out of it? Like nobody's business. Another time she—"

"Father, I'm afraid we really must turn ourselves away," Lady Rosa said.

"Right you are," said the Earl. "Will you come with me?" said Lady Rosa.

"Will I? I mean I will," said Ernest, and followed her out of the library.

"I'll be seeing you," the Earl called after them.

Ernest walked with Lady Rosa down a broad corridor, lined with portraits of Bingleys in wig.

"It's a very kind of you to take all this trouble," Ernest said.

"I enjoy it," said Lady Rosa. "I love this old place so much that it is always a pleasure to show some one around it."

"It's even more marvelous than I imagined it," said Ernest.

"I'm so glad you like it," she said. "Shall we go into the Great Hall first?"

"Wherever you say, your ladyship."

He held open for her a door through which a giant and his wife, arm-in-arm, might have entered.

"Thank you, Cousin Ernest," she said, and smiled.

It may have been the words, or the high polish on the floor, but whatever it was, Ernest skidded and would have done a complete nose-dive if Lady Rosa had not caught him in her arms.

"I'm so sorry," he said, as he righted himself.

"It's far too slippery," she said.

"No, I guess it's just that I'm not used to castles," said Ernest.

"Or beer pumps."

He stared at her. He saw a smile he knew he had seen before; but the hair he would have called carry-on in the Happy Gander looked golden-brown in the sunlight which streamed through the mullioned windows of the Great Hall.

"Were you—I mean—are you—"

"I am, at least I was, that dirty girl," she said. "I'd been overhauling the family car. Taking things apart and putting them together again is rather a passion of mine, you see. Besides, it saves garage bills."

(To Be Continued)

Consigned To Canada

Largest Electric Transformer Ever Shipped From Great Britain

The largest electric transformer ever exported from Great Britain was lifted into S.S. Beaverburn at Surrey Commercial Docks by the Authority's floating crane, London Mammoth, states the P. L. A. Monthly.

"Stripped of its auxiliaries and without its oil filling the transformer weighed nearly 70 tons. It arrived at the docks on a specially constructed girder bogie hauled by Diesel tractors, by a route planned to avoid bridges not capable of supporting the weight."

"The transformer was consigned to Canada; Beaverburn was one of the last London ships to sail for the St. Lawrence before the winter freeze-up."

Not Generally Known

That Oyster Beds Are Worked As Carefully As Wheatlands

The public may not realize it but oystermen work their salt-water beds as carefully as any farmer tends his wheatlands. Their experienced eyes can approximate the "crop" in each bed and by frequent sampling they can predict the plumpness of the oysters at harvest time. Planting, transplanting, dredging, they speak of their cherished bivalves as if the beds under water were before their eyes.

From the time of seeding five years may elapse before the oysters are ready for harvesting, although oysters may grow to the age of fifty years. Once harvested, oysters are en route to market within a day of dredging.

Already Tipped

It is said that in Quito, Ecuador, women of their hats to men. The St. Thomas Times-Journal thinks it's about time they did the same here, and the Owen Sound Sun-Times thinks if that editor had any observation he'd have seen that the women do tip their hats—at all angles, so that a fellow sometimes wonders how the things hang on.

The term, "the lion's share," doesn't mean a major portion, as most folks think, but all or very nearly all. In Aesop's fable, where the phrase originated, it really meant the lion got everything.

A proposal to sell eggs by weight is being considered by farmers in England.

Something Of An Athlete

Cranberry Must Bounce To Prove Goodness To Inspector

Few people have an idea what a cranberry has to go through before it finds its way to market, the American Weekly points out. For one thing, the berry has to prove that it is, in a manner of speaking, something of an athlete—it has to bounce over a barrier in order to get by the inspector and eventually go to the storehouse or the corner grocery as a proper member of its kind to be made into sauce and jelly.

Some time ago this business of making cranberries bounce was adopted as the surest test of good condition. The berries, deep red in color, have a rather thick skin. If the berry is sound inside and its juice is prime it will pop when dropped. If it is decayed or bruised it just plugs down and refuses to leap over the barrier—and if it cannot get over the fence it cannot go to market.

The berries are picked in the late summer or early fall but it is not until Thanksgiving and Christmas time that the market demand for the crop is active.

This makes it necessary to store the berries until people are ready to buy them and in the past this period of waiting has taken the bounce out of a lot of berries.

Government experts have found that heat is the biggest factor in robbing a blushing cranberry of its sprightliness and are telling growers that their store-houses should be kept at a temperature of about 36 degrees—about four degrees above freezing—to keep the bounce in their harvest.

Rearmament Necessary

Great Britain Had To Be Prepared For Emergency

The only thing that gives us hope of being able to deal with Europe in the coming years is to be thoroughly and completely armed, said Prof. S. Brodsky, of Leeds University. I am sorry to have to say it. We all regret that it is necessary to direct the attention of our young people towards the idea of preparing for war, but I believe we have been short-sighted in giving the impression to certain powers that they can do what they like in the world by threatening more, because we and others would not be prepared to take up the challenge. By maintaining peace with Japan we precipitated the Italian crisis. By dropping sanctions with Italy we precipitated the Japanese crisis again. It is a pity that human beings with brains should have to deal with that kind of mentality, but I believe the world will be in a more dangerous condition in 1938 if we do not in 1937 show some firmness.

Every Part Is Useful

Cocoa-Nut Palm Considered One Of World's Wonders

The cocoa-nut palm is one of the wonders of the world because every part of it is said to be useful to man, either to clothe, feed or shelter him. The nut furnishes milk, the young green leaves are eaten like cabbage. A wine is made from liquid produced by the flowers. The sap supplies sugar. Vessels and utensils are made out of the nut-shells. The wood is used for making dwellings. The leaves-dried and plaited form a roof or they may be made into umbrellas. Cloth and mats are woven out of the fibres of the leaves, and the leaves sewn together make sails for ships. The fibre also makes string and cordage. The oil pressed from the fresh kernel is used for the seasoning of food and illumination.

A Matter Of Courtesy

What A Difference It Makes To Always Be Polite

What a difference it would make if all corporations acted on a policy of courtesy. What a difference if the honest businessman of the nation paid as much attention to courtesy as the gypsy, crow, fly-by-night promoter, and scoundrel who have only one stock in trade—a courteous address and manner. What a difference if business became polite and stayed polite, not only to the public but to itself. In short, what a difference if we all took a little more of courtesy.—Kansas City Star.

Mets Had To Pay

The London Spectator said Lord Runciman, on whose estate of £2,388,453 death duties of £1,176,130, or roughly 50 per cent, have been paid, denounced in his will the policy of high taxation, and that of high death duties in particular.

Great Britain contains numerous spas and practically any kind of spa treatment can be obtained there.

Confident Of Canada's Capacity For Recovery

Bank of Montreal Heads Review Economic Achievements and Outlook of Dominion

Declaring that Canada had been demonstrating in the past year a remarkable resilience in productive enterprise, Sir Charles Gordon, in his presidential address to shareholders at the recent annual meeting of the Bank of Montreal, expressed confident belief in Canada's ability to carry on with success the recovery program that had been in progress for the last twelve months. The meeting also received the financial report of the bank, presented by Jackson Dodds on behalf of himself and his fellow general manager, G. W. Spimney. The statement showed substantial increases in commercial loans, in deposits, and in total assets, which latter stood at \$230,000,000, the highest figure since 1929.

In viewing business conditions over the wide territory in which the bank operates, Sir Charles said that these had much improved and were a happy contrast with the conditions of but two years ago. The one really serious handicap was in those portions of the Prairie Provinces where drought caused total or partial loss of the crop.

As instances of the remarkable resiliency in productive enterprise which he felt Canada was showing, he referred to the immense growth of gold production and of the output of industrial metals, remarking that, with the exception of iron, Canada was now the world's largest exporter of base metals.

Canada's Manufactures Worth Three Billions

He further pointed out that whereas Canada was until quite recently regarded as a country devoted almost entirely to agriculture, today agriculture provides 35% of the exports and other forms of industry the balance. Canada now employs 600,000 people in 30,000 workshops, mills and factories, and the annual value of its

manufactured products amounts to more than \$3,000,000,000.

In concluding his remarks, Sir Charles, while not attempting a forecast on the Canadian business outlook, expressed his confidence in Canada's remarkable capacity for recovery, which, if not unduly affected by international disturbances, would, he felt, mean a continuance of the better times which Canadians had experienced during the past year.

Commercial Loans Show Increase

One of the most important features of the financial statement presented by Mr. Dodds was the increase shown in current loans in Canada of more than \$23,000,000 to \$182,500,000. For the year ended September 30, the current loans of all the banks had increased by \$75,000,000. While the increase was welcome, he said it was not commensurate with the growth in the volume of business and the improvement in commodity prices.

Bank's Assets 79.58% Liquid

The assets of the bank, standing at \$529,600,000 were the highest since 1929. Of this amount \$509,000,000 represented quickly available resources, equal to 79.58% of liabilities to the public, amounting to \$729,738,000.

Among other highlights, the statement presented by the general managers showed that deposits by the public had increased by \$28,000,000 to \$851,000,000. Commenting on this item, Mr. Dodds said: "Despite all that is written and said nowadays on the subject of 'loans creating deposits' fountain pen money and 'monetizing' assets, including what is described as 'our cultural heritage', it is safe to say that not one of our customers, whose balances make up our total of deposits by the public, has any doubt whatsoever as to how his or her deposit came into being."

True devotion to God consists in doing His will precisely at the time, in the situation, and under the circumstances in which He has placed us. It requires not only that we do the will of God, but that we do it with love. God would have us serve Him with delight; it is our hearts that He asks of us. Devotion is really nothing more or less than a readiness to do that which we know will be acceptable to our Heavenly Father. It is that free spirit of which David spoke when he said "I will run the way of Thy commandments when Thou hast set my heart at liberty." People of ordinary goodness walk in God's way, but the devout run in it. So to be truly devout we must not only do His will, but we must do it cheerfully.

The vacuum cleaner has not banished the broom. Over a million dollars worth of corn brooms alone (279,374 dozen) were made in Canada by the broom, brush and mop industry in 1936.

Still On Walking Tour

The loss of a leg and arm in the Great War has not prevented Jean de Vaudreuil from seeing the world. The Belgian, aged 70, reached Saint John in the course of a walking tour started at Brussels in 1920. He has visited every country except Mexico, his next destination.

Don't Let Foods Stale

Foods that ordinarily stale quickly will stay fresh and tempting a surprisingly long time if you cover them with Para-San Heavy Waxed Paper.

Your grocer, druggist or stationer has Para-San in the handy, sanitary knife-cut carton. For those who prefer a lighter paper put up in sheet form ask for Appleford's "Centre Pull" Packs.

Appleford Paper Products Limited

HAMILTON ONT.

Warehouses at Calgary, Regina and Winnipeg

THE CHINOOK ADVANCE

Published by Mrs. M. C. Nicholosi every Thursday afternoon from The Advance Building, Main Street Chinook, Alberta, and entered in the postoffice as second class mail matter.

The subscription rates to The Advance are \$1.50 per annum in Canada and \$2.00 outside of Canada.

The transient advertising rates on The Advance are—display, 40¢ per inch for first week and 30¢ for each succeeding week, providing no change is made. For heavy competition an extra charge is made for first week. Reading notices, 10¢ per count line. Legal advertising, 1¢ per count line for first week and 1¢ for each succeeding week. Cards thanks, \$1.00.

Advertisements under this heading are charged at the rate of 50¢ for 2 words or less per week, with 10¢ for each additional 5 words. Three week for the price of two.

All letters addressed to the editor for insertion in The Advance, must be signed to show bona fides of the writer. Publication in all cases is subject to the judgment of the Publisher. We do not necessarily coincide with views expressed.

Chinook

Beauty Shoppe

Marcel.....50 cts

Reset.....25 cts

Finger wave.....25 cts

" [dried].....35 cts

Shampoo.....25 cts

Mrs. W. Gallagher Prop.



CHINOOK UNITED CHURCH

Divine Service is held in the Chinook United Church every Sunday morning at 11 o'clock.

A very cordial invitation is extended to all to share the inspiration and fellowship of these services.

Strangers and visitors are always welcome.

H. A. Whaley
Youngstown

CHANGE IN CANADIAN NATIONAL R.R. TIME TABLE

No. 9 West bound, passenger,
7.27 a. m., except Monday,
3.08 a. m. Effective Sunday



RESTAURANT and ROOMS

Meals at all hours

All Kinds of Meat

For Sale

All Kinds Tobacco

and Cigarettes

Confectionary and Soft Drinks

MAH BROS.

See E. Robinson

For

DR YING

Or

TRUCKING

Any Kind

Satisfaction

Guaranteed

Prize Awards To Calgary Beer

Under date of October 26th, from Ottawa, in an article copyrighted by the Southern Publishing Company Limited, Charles Bishop, the Calgary Herald's Ottawa Correspondent, reports that "out of no fewer than 7,000 bottles of beer submitted from throughout the United Kingdom and all parts of the British Empire, the Calgary Brewing & Malting Company won the diploma in the "heavy" beer class against all overseas beer in the bottled beer competition recently held in London, England."

For the first time Empire beers were entered in the competition and entries were received from Canada, New Zealand, Australia and Kenya Colony. A number of Canadian brewers submitted entries in the "heavy" class, but Calgary beer topped them all.

A report received by the Department of Trade and Commerce.

that "the judges announced they particularly struck with the fine quantity to the overseas brews and had to spend four times as long in arriving at a decision regarding Dominion beers as they had the home entries."

Curling Notes

Well one enjoyable month of curling has gone by and we find W. Gallagher's rink out in front with five wins and but one loss, G. Aitken's rink is next with four victories and three losses. The standing of others is as follows:

| | |
|--------------|-----|
| F. Morrell | 3-2 |
| J. Peyton | 3-2 |
| J. Gingles | 3-4 |
| C. W. Kidout | 2-2 |
| Len. Cooley | 2-3 |
| W. Todd | 2-3 |
| W. S. Lee | 1-3 |
| N. Nystrom | 1-3 |

Results of the games played this week are:

Wed. J. Peyton 12 G. Aitken 7
J. Gingles 11 F. Morrell 10
Fri W. Todd 15 G. Aitken 4

Sat. Gallagher 13 Gingles 6
N. Nystrom 8 W. S. Lee 6
Tues. Gingles 11 Nystrom 10
The soft condition of the ice made it impossible to play games on Thursday and Monday.

The feature game of the week was the cup game between the ladies' rink skipped by Bill Todd with his skirts and F. Morrell's Santa Claus rink on Tues. night. The latter rink retained the cup laying three on the last end to win 11-9 after being very generous to the ladies.

The December meeting of the Ladies' Friendly Circle was held with Mrs. L. Cooley as hostess.

The ladies decided to give out Christmas gifts and send a "shower" of gifts to a sick friend.

After the meeting a dainty lunch was served by the hostess.

The January meeting will be held at Mrs. Lee's home.

Mr. R. Stewart returned from Rainier last week.

A number of young people from Chinook went to the dance at Cereal on Friday. The Chinook Orchestra was in attendance.

Mr. H. Vanhook, who has been visiting with his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Berry, left for his home at Fairview on Friday.

Mrs. A. Bjornrud returned from Calgary on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Aitken of Kirkcaldy are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Lee.

To Our Customers And Friends We Extend

Best Wishes for a

Merry Christmas

and Health, in the

New Year.

Acadia Produce Co.

To Our Customers And Friends

May Your Christmas

Be a Merry and

Joyous One

The Sincere Wish Of

COOLEY BROS.

RADIOS

1938 PHILCO RADIO

For as little as \$34.95

1 Used Radio .10.00

1 Used 2-volt Wet Battery

770 EVERREADY "B" BATTERIES \$2.95

386 " " "B" " 3.98

771 " " "C" " .45

Radios, Aerials, Tubes,
Batteries, Clips in stock.

COOLEY BROS.

Radio Head Quarters

Chinook, Alta.

Phone 10



As a special service to our Subscriber Families we have obtained authority, FOR A LIMITED TIME ONLY, to offer Canada's two largest weekly newspapers in combination with our local paper, at a REMARKABLY LOW COST.

OFFER NO. 1

Family Herald &
Weekly Star - 1 Year
and—

BOTH
PAPERS
ONLY

OFFER NO. 2

Free Press Prairie
Farmer - 1 Year

Family Herald &
Weekly Star - 1 Year

ALL
THREE
PAPERS
ONLY

If so desired National Home Monthly or Canadian Magazine may be substituted for Free Press Prairie Farmer in Offer No. 2

The above offers apply to new or renewal subscriptions.

Order Now at Bargain Prices and

Save Money

CHINOOK ADVANCE

Bring In Your
HIDES and FURS
Highest Market Prices
Also Watch and Clock Repairs

Our latest Wallpaper Samples have arrived.

Call in and see them

W. J. Gallagher

1st Door North of Hotel